

OFFICIAL ORGAN

THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA ALBERTA CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING POOLS

Vol. V.

CALGARY, ALBERTA, NOVEMBER 15, 1926

No. 29

Two Classes of People Who Are Disturbed by Operations of the Wheat Pool---What the Grain Trade Says; What Importers Know

Grain Trade Assumes New Role in Paternalistic Concern for the Farmers in the Pool, and Spends Money Lavishly in "Disinterested" Propaganda-Importers of Canadian Wheat Complain That the Pool Has Held Prices Up, and Despair of Finding a Way to Smash Them

Two classes of people seem to be considerably disturbed over the operations of the Pool. One class is here with us in the Province of Alberta in the form of the Grain Trade, and their particular worry at the present time seems to be that in their opinion the Pool obtained less than the average Fort William price for the wheat that was sold through the Pool last year. The question to analyze is, whether their annoyance is caused by the fact that in their opinion the farmer received less through he Pool than he would have through non-Pool channels. ludging from past performances ver a period of years, one could never accuse the Grain Trade of adopting such a paternalistic attitude towards the farmers. Naturally, we must look for some other cause which has stimulated the Grain Trade to action and made them dig down in their pockets for the money to send out thousands of circulars to their country agents with the idea that the information should be broadcast to the farmers, and that in the broadcasting of this information the Pool would be discredited.

GRAIN TRADE'S DISLIKE A NATURAL ONE

The only conclusion we can come to is, the Grain Trade are not very fond of the Pool, and if they are not very fond of the Pool there must be a reason. The Pool must be reducing the profits that the Grain Trade has in the past been earning, and if the Pool have been reducing these profits the natural conclusion any one would come to is that the Pool are obtaining some of the profits the Grain Trade had obtained in the past.

VERY DIFFERENT STORY FROM BUYERS

The other class who seem to be disturbed about the operations of the Pool are the buyers, and their complaint is that the Pool are asking too much for Canadian wheat. Surely the buyers and the Grain Trade both cannot be correct, and the natural assumption is that the Grain Trade is wrong. A fair standard of comparison would be for the farmers of this

The Millers' Complaint

WHAT THE GRAIN TRADE SAYS

In one of the numerous circulars recently issued in the course of its campaign against the Wheat Pool, the North West Grain Dealers' Association declares: "But the Pool did not even maintain prices, much less

but the Pool did not even maintain prices, much less increase them. It allowed them to drop 21 cents per bushel. Either the Pool has influence on prices or it has not. If it has any such power, then it must accept responsibility for the decline."

AND WHAT THE IMPORTERS ARE FINDING

As against the North West Grain Dealers' Association, which is suddenly displaying, at great expense to itself, a paternalistic concern for the farmers, here is the experience of the buyers of Canadian wheat, as expressed In a dispatch in the Northwestern Miller of Minneapolis (Nov. 3rd issue):

SCOTCH IMPORTERS CONDEMN POOL

Glasgow, Scotland, Oct. 11.—Flour importers in this market complain that the Canadian Wheat Pool is making things more difficult every day. It is said to be holding stiffly, and in the flour importers' opinion the Pool is doing a lot of harm to Canadian millers, because no one is prepared to buy from them other than from hand to

"Nothing will cure the market," said a Glasgow importer recently, "except a good smash from Argentina."
It is apparently to avoid such a smash that the Canadian Pool is having pourparlers with the grain growers of Australia and Argentina.

LET THE TRADE

how their average spreads were arrived at. This would be an interesting thing to know.

DISPROVE THIS If the Grain Trade are going to talk about hypothetical spreads we should like to talk about something else hypothetical, which we believe is much more correct than their hypothesis. We have not any hesitancy in saying that if it were not for the operations of the Pool, Winnipeg October wheat would have sold for \$1.00 a bushel basis Fort William. If the Grain Trade have any figures to disprove this statement we would like very much to see them.

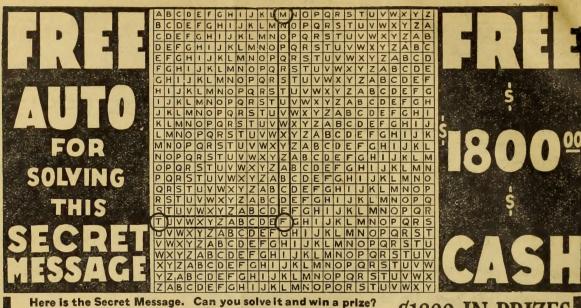
HOW THE VANCOUVER PROVINCE SEES IT

The following editorial in the Vancouver Daily Province, October 16th, should be interesting to our Pool members:

"Gradually the magnitude of the Western Wheat Pool is being borne in on the Canadian people. The casual manner in which cheques aggregating nearly \$9,000,000 (Continued on page 19)

Province to refer to the price of wheat received in the non-Pool years, other than the war years. The farmers had a fair opportunity of testing out the Grain Exchange open market system of selling, because the fact remains they had no other way of selling their wheat except through the Grain Exchange.

World conditions have not altered to any considerable extent as far as production of wheat is concerned; in fact, Canada now markets probably twice as much wheat as it did in the pre-war years. It is all right to talk hypothetical average prices; how the Grain Trade arrived at an average price of \$1.51 is a mystery to us, and probably a mystery to the author of the propaganda. The chances are they have been figuring on the number of market days in a year, which we believe even the Grain Trade will admit is hardly a fair criterion of what is meant by average prices. We would like to go into this mat-ter a little further if the Grain Trade would explain to us just



Here is the Secret Message. Can you solve it and win a prize?

MYB TRMMR RA QFOFZRS TXUUN XN NFMXNAFDMXRS RO TRSBH OBALSCBC

Follow these directions to solve the message;

(1) MYB in the secret message stands for THE.

(2) Take first letter of secret message. This is M. Find it in top line of chart above. Move straight down to F. Now from F move to extreme left of chart. The letter there is T. This is the letter you are looking for. Now take Y. Find it in the top line of chart. Move straight down to F. Then to extreme left. The letter there is H. This is the second letter you are looking for.

(3) In the same way find out what each letter stands for, each time going straight down to F and then to extreme left.

EVERYONE WINS A PRIZE

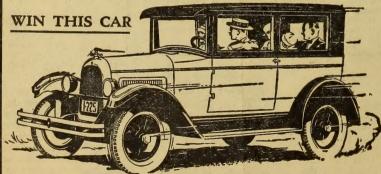
The entry gaining nearest 500 points will get the beautiful Whippet Overland Sedan, Cash prizes from \$300 to \$5.00 will also be awarded to the twenty next best entries. Besides this every qualified contestant will receive a valuable surprise gift. Be neat and careful. Comply with the rules.

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3rd	Prize	Cash	175.00	7th	Prize	Cash	25.00
4th	Prize	Cash	100.00	8th	Prize	Cash	10.00
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2—Contestants must be 15 years of the cover.

age or over.

8—Employees of Paragon Mills, or their friends will not be allowed to

3—Employees of Paragon Mills, or their friends will not be allowed to compete.

4—Entries will be judged and points awarded, as follows: 40 points for each word of the message correctly solved, making a total of 400 points; for fulfilling the conditions of the contest, 70 points; for neatness, style, and general appearance, 20 points; for handwriting, 10 points. Thus the highest number of points possible to obtain is 500, and the nearest to 500 points takes first prize.

5—The committee of judges who will make the final award is composed of three gentlemen prominent in the public life of Toronto. They have no connection whatever with this firm and their services in this contest are purely voluntary. Their names will be made known to every contestant.

6—The last day of the contest is April 30. Entries should be sent at once.

7—Each contestant will be sent a copy of the Paragon Knitting Catalogue FREE and will be asked to select therefrom Eight Dollars' worth of Paragon Products, to introduce amongst friends. This is not a sales contest. The only qualifying condition is fulfilled upon completion of the above requirements. Everybody's opportunity of winning is equal.

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Editor W. NORMAN SMITH

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EDITORIAL

ANNUAL CONVENTION IN EDMONTON, JANUARY 18 TO 21

The Annual Convention of the U. F. A. will be held in the First Presbyterian church, Edmonton, on January 18th, 19th, 20th and 21st, 1927. This arrangement was made at a meeting of the Central Executive in Calgary on October 29th.

The Executive received a letter from the Edmonton Board of Trade, offering to supply the Convention building free of charge. A reply expressing the appreciation of the Association has been forwarded to the Board.

TRYING TO SHIFT THE BURDEN ON TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC

With the support of influential newspapers, a raging, tearing propaganda has been launched throughout the Dominion to secure the abolition or reduction of the income tax. Baldly stated, the proposal is that a heavy share of the taxation now borne by the owners of the largest incomes shall be transferred to the shoulders of the masses of the people of Canada. Unless the general body of citizens are totally blind to their own interests, this brazen and outrageous propaganda is doomed to failure.

The income tax is the fairest of all taxes now levied in Canada. It is based upon the sound principle, recognized by the classic economists, and challenged only by certain privileged classes with axes to grind, that contributions to the public exchequer should be proportionate to the ability of the citizen to bear them. The larger the citizen's income, the greater should be the proportion paid into the public exchequers are should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the proportion paid into the public except the greater should be the greater purse. Such taxes as the tariff and the sales tax cannot be levied in accordance with this principle. But if the income tax be reduced, the revenue thus lost must be provided from some other source. The revenue must be found, if not in an

equitable way, then in an inequitable one.

The payers of heavy income tax who are responsible for this agitation urge the Canadian people to follow the example of the United States, where a millionaire Secretary of the Treasury recently brought about income tax reductions which will effect immense savings to citizens in a similarly fortu-nate position to his own, but to men of small incomes, they

are proportionately much less, and there are none at all when indirect taxes which should have been removed are set off against them. In this matter we prefer the example of Great Britain, where steeply graduated income taxes and supertaxes provide a very large share of the national revenue.

The interests which demand abolition or reduction of the income tax are the same interests which are insisting on the necessity for a vigorous campaign to attract settlers to Canada, by extensive advertising. But the new settlers who can do most to build up our national production are not likely to be heavy income tax payers. They are much more likely to be handicapped by the taxes on the machinery of production and the necessities of life, than by income taxes.

The answer of Parliament to the present propaganda should be the adoption of a steeply graduated income tax on the British model, and the steady reduction of indirect taxation. The only downward adjustments of income tax that are worthy of consideration are the exemptions in respect to children.

MR. DAVIDSON'S EDITORSHIP
Since W. M. Davidson founded the Calgary Albertan as a daily newspaper nearly twenty-five years ago, he has been an outstanding figure in Canadian journalism. His retire-ment from the editorship and disposal of his interest in the

paper were announced on November 1st.

Almost the last of the editor-proprietors in Canada, Mr. Davidson through his newspaper has done much to mould the form of our Western community. He has brought a strong personality and high cultural gifts to bear upon the tasks of a pioneer country, and has left his impress upon its institu-tions. Mr. Davidson and the Albertan (the two were one and the same) fought with vigor for public ownership in the days when this was a pioneer field, and he has consistently pursued a similar policy since. In the fight for this and other progressive policies, he has displayed a fine court. age. In Calgary, especially, the influence of the Albertan upon the development of a growing community has been very great. He holds the opinion that the editorial policy of a newspaper should not be influenced by considerations of the business office, and as his views have been considered in some respects very advanced, there have been times when the carrying of this theory into practice entailed considerable sacrifice.

Upon a number of matters during recent years, "The U. F. A." has had reason to differ profoundly with certain policies pursued by the Albertan, and equally would differ in similar circumstances again. Under Mr. Davidson's editorship, however, the Albertan has carried on many courageous fights for popular causes, when purely business considerations would have dictated an opposite course. A man of wide experience and unusual gifts, Mr. Davidson has always displayed a singular independence of spirit, and the

public has realized that a personality, and no hidden influence, was behind the expression of editorial opinion.

Newspapermen who have worked on the staff of the Albertan have a high admiration of his skill and tremendous capacity for work, and the present writer feels it a great honor to have been among the number.

Mr. Davidson's retirement from the editorship of the Albertan will be much regretted. His retirement, however, will give him many opportunities for writing of a character which cannot readily be undertaken by an editor continu-

ously in harness.

The people of Alberta will wish him unfailing happiness in the perhaps less strenuous life upon which he will now

Council of Agriculture Will Offer Vigorous Opposition to Any Effort to Abolish or Further Reduce the Income Tax

Reductions in Taxation Should Apply to Indirect Taxes Which Impose Unfair Burden on the Masses of the People—Council Asks Important Changes in Long-Term Loan Legislation—Will Seek Further Tariff Reduction—Seeks Appointment of Representative of Agriculture on Railway Commission

By JOHN W. WARD, Secretary

Banking Reform, the Tariff Advisory Board, the Income Tax, the Canada Grain Act, Immigration, and Freight Rates were among the subjects discussed at a meeting of the Canadian Council of Agriculture held at Winnipeg, November 2-5.

The question of Banking Reform came before the Council in a memorandum prepared by the Research Department for the information of a special committee appointed at the last meeting of the Council to study the question of Banking and Currency. The report suggested the establishment of a National Bank of Issue and Re-discount and that provision be made for the chartering of local banks with a much smaller capital than that required under the present Bank Act. The Council, without coming to any definite decision on the merits of the recommendations, was of opinion that the report was well worthy of consideration by the farmers' organizations and authorized its publication through the farm press.

WANT IMPROVEMENTS IN LONG TERM LOAN BILL

An examination of the Long Term Farm Loan Bill which was passed by both Houses of Parliament at the last session but did not become law owing to the sudden dissolution of Parliament, showed that this measure did not comply in many important respects with the recommendations made at the last meeting of the Council. It was felt that the present bill was entirely unsatisfactory and the following resolution was adopted:

adopted:
"Resolved, that the Council reaffirms
the position on long-term mortgage loan
legislation adopted at the annual meeting on February 23, 1926, as follows:
"Whereas, the Dominion Government

"Whereas, the Dominion Government has expressed in the speech from the throne its intention to introduce, during the present sesson of Parliament, legislation providing for the establishment of

a system of long-term loans to farmers. "And whereas, the Canadian Council of Agriculture believes that the ultimate solution of the problem of rural credit will be found in the development of cooperative credit societies controlled and operated by the farmers themselves, but also recognizes that conditions in many parts of Canada are not yet favorable for the development of such societies on a large scale.

"And whereas ,the extension of longterm farm mortgage loans at the lowest possible rate of interest and repayable on the amortization plan is an urgent need.

the amortization plan is an urgent need.
"Therefore be it resolved, that the
Council recommend the incorporation in
the proposed legislation of the following
provisions:

"1. The funds loaned to be raised by the sale of bonds secured by first mortgages on the lands of all the borrowers within any Province electing to avail itself of the scheme, the bonds to be guaranteed by the Dominion Government and each Provincial Government to guarantee repayment to the Dominion of all

funds employed within its Province.

"2. Each Province coming into the system to establish a Farm Loans Board to make loans to individual farmers within that Province in such manner as to secure freedom from political influence and to make the system completely self-supporting.

"3. Loans not to exceed 50 per cent. of the appraised value of the lands mortgaged and to be applied only to the purchase of lands, equipment and stock, the provision of permanent improvements or the retirement of existing mortgages.

the retirement of existing mortgages.

"4. Provision to be made for the establishment in any locality of farm loan associations of ten or more farmers desiring to receive loans under the conditions prescribed, such associations to administer their own affairs under the supervision of the Provincial Farm Loans Board and their members to be jointly liable for 10 per cent. of the individual obligations incurred.

"The Council believes that this system of co-operative effort, with joint liability, though slow in growth, will produce the highest type of security and the lowest administrative expense, thus providing long-term farm credit at the absolute minimum of cost.

"5. The rate of interest of loans not to exceed one per cent. more than that paid on the bonds sold and in addition the loan to be amortized over a period of not less than thirty years, with permission to repay in whole, or in part, at any time after three years without notice or bonus.

"6. That the term of Farm Loan Bonds

"6. That the term of Farm Loan Bonds be not less than thirty years and that they be not exempt from taxation.

they be not exempt from taxation.

"And further, that the Council regards the bill introduced at the last session of Parliament and amended by the Senate, the House of Commons concurring in the Senate's amendment, as being in no sense a solution of the problem and therefore unacceptable to the Council."

FIGHT FOR FURTHER TARIFF REDUCTION

A report on the work of the Tariff Advisory Board and the action already taken in opposition to proposed tariff increases was made by the Research Department and the Council determined to take the most effective action possible to combat protection and secure a lowering of the tariff both by appointing a representative to appear before the Tariff Board and by arousing public opinion on the question. The Council's attitude on the tariff was further expressed in the following resolution:

"That the Canadian Coun-il of Agriculture, while commending the Government on the reductions in the tariff made in the budget of 1926, again insists upon the necessity of making further reductions in the tariff, particularly in the duties upon food, clothing, and other necessaries of life and also upon commodities directly or indirectly affecting

the cost of production in agriculture and other industries.
"The Council further expresses its em-

"The Council further expresses its emphatic opposition to any increase in the present scale of duties on steel or any other basic materials used in manufacture since such increases must raise the costs of agricultural implements and operate to place at a serious disadvantage many Canadian manufacturers dependent on such materials and will be the basis for requests for increases in the import duties on their products."

OPPOSE ANY REDUCTION OF INCOME TAX

Announcements in the press that a vigorous campaign is being opened by the Retail Trade Bureau with the object of securing the abolition of the Income Tax was regarded by the Council as a challenge which must be effectively met, the Council being of opinion that the Income Tax is the most equitable method of raising Federal revenues and that its retention is necessary if progress is to be made towards tariff reduction. The following resolution was accordingly adopted:

"Whereas, the Income Tax is a direct, personal tax and is based upon the ability of each citizen to contribute to the expenses of government and should thereforle be retained as a permanent part of our system of taxation.

"And whereas, the Canadian Council of Agriculture has already affirmed its conviction that reductions in taxation should apply to indirect taxes in preference to the income Tax.

"Be it therefore resolved, that this Council oppose by every means in its power any effort to abolish or further reduce the income Tax.

power any effort to abolish or further reduce the income Tax.

"The Council, nevertheless, recognizes the injustice of subjecting any form of income to double taxation and favors the adoption of measures designed to remove such inequalities in the incidence of the income Tax."

The Council decided to continue its activities in presenting the case for the farmers in connection with the general revision of freight rates now proceeding, arrangements being left in the hands of the executive.

The Council also went on record as calling upon the Government to appoint a representative of the agricultural industry on the Board of Railway Commissioners when the next vacancy occurs.

sioners when the next vacancy occurs.

The Council reaffirmed its support of the so-called Campbell Amendment to the Canada Grain Act, and instructions were given that every possible step should be taken to secure its enactment.

UNFAVORABLE TO SUCCESS OF AGRICULTURE

The immigration question was discussed and the following resolution adopted:

"Be it resolved, that the Canadian Council of Agriculture recognizes the (Continued on page 17)

Some Suggested Modifications of Canada's Banking System to Meet the Needs of the Agricultural Industry

Establishment of National Bank of Rediscount—Legislation Permitting Formation of Local Banks — Permission to Banks to Relinquish Right of Note Issue—Provision for Co-operative Credit Societies, Are Suggested

By A. E. DARBY, Research Department, C. C. A.

Consideration of the banking system in Canada leads to the conclusion that dissatisfaction with it is felt chiefly by agriculturists. Considered as classes, industrial, merchants, traders in general, and the professional workers are not the complainants. In fact, banking has been developed to meet the needs of the commercial and industrial classes. Banks exist to make profits, and have naturally developed the best-paying services. In comparison with industrial production and commercial activities, agriculture is slow in turnover and less certain of its results in terms of profit and loss. It is a primary industry; that is, it produces the commodities which the secondary industries and the traders use as the basis of their activities. It assumes the real risks incidental to production; the secondary industries assume risks also, but to a more limited extent.

No surprise can be felt that banking has not developed services peculiarly adapted to agricultural needs. growth of industrial enterprise and commercial undertakings has offered an inexhaustible sphere of legitimate service and profit-making for banks. need of agriculture for banking services has become the more pressing in proportion to its neglect. The immediate and practical question therefore, is: Can the existing banking system adapt itself to agricultural needs? If not, new institutions which can do for agriculture what the banks cannot do, or do not find profits sufficiently attractive in doing, must be set up.

OTHER NATIONS HAVE NEEDED SPECIAL MACHINERY

To some extent, of course, the banks have given service to agriculture and the other primary industries. They have been eager to obtain their deposits and they have financed agricultural operations—though upon terms which are regarded by agriculturists as unduly onerous. In Canada, the chief financing of agriculture has been done by mortgage loan companies. Here again agriculturists of the services rendered.

Whether the complaints of agriculturists of excessive costs of financing are justified can be determined only by experience gained in attempting to satisfy their needs more cheaply and efficiently. The existing agencies assert the justice of their charges in relation to the risks incurred, the duration of loans and the costs incidental to the provision of the services. That other nations, confronted with similar needs, have been compelled to devise special machinery for financing agriculture and mobilizing the credit of the less wealthy classes is a matter of record.

Proposing Important measures of reconstruction of the Banking System of Canada, to meet the needs of agriculture, the recommendations published below are contained in a memorandum presented to the last meeting of the Canadian Council of Agriculture. The memorandum was prepared by Arthur E. Darby, who is in charge of the Research Department, for the information of a special committee engaged in the study of Banking and Credit. The Council authorized the publication of these recommendations in the press of the affiliated organizations, for the consideration of their membership. Locals and other branches of the U. F. A. are urged to give the matter their attention. The recommendations were preceded by a brief discussion of the subject of currency.

DANGER IN ABSENCE OF SHORT TERM FACILITIES

Students of agricultural financing agree in the conclusion that the ordinary commercial banks are not adapted to serve agriculture as cheaply and efficiently as they serve manufacturing, industry and commerce. But in endeavoring to determine what reforms are practicable, some attention must be paid to the nature of the need to be satisfied. Long term loans do not fall within the scope of this discussion, since it is not, as a general rule, part of the function of banks to provide such accommodation. Such loans are usually made on the security of land mortgages, which represent more permanent investments than banks, as such, find desirable. It ought, however, to be pointed out that, in the absence of adequate facilities for bank, or short term, loans, the tendency to use the land mortgage loan for purposes to which it ought not to be applied, is encouraged. this is done loans are apt to be larger than required, the proceeds of the reproductive operations financed are not applied to the immediate liquidation of the loan as would be done in a commercial or industrial transaction, and the borrower insensibly led into bad financial practices.

Strict definition of the proper uses of the mortgage loan is a real need. If such be made, it will be realized that what is really lacking is the machinery by which agriculturists may finance operations covering short and immediate terms (six months to three or four years) without resort to the mortgage as primary security. Long term mortgage loans occupy a field to themselves, but short and intermediate loans for reproductive purposes fall within the scope of banking operations. If such loans can be properly made, the effect must be to increase the

yearly net income of the agriculturist and therefore, to improve his position as a borrower on mortgage, enabling payments of interest and principal to be made with greater ease.

COMMERCIAL BANK CANNOT COVER WHOLE FIELD

The provision of short and intermediate term loans to primary industries, like agriculture, entails for the ordinary bank a larger element of risk than is consonant with low charges, and a ten-dency to "frozen" loans. In the opinion of many, these factors operate more powerfully on large centralized banks, with many branch offices, such as exist in Canada, than they would do upon small "local" banks. The small bank must, of necessity, it is argued, keep in close touch with local needs and be managed with more regard to individual character and opportunities. On the other hand, greater stability and power to withstand financial vicissitudes is conferred by the system of large centralized banks, operating through local branches. In any case, the ordinary commercial bank, operating for profit, cannot cover the whole field of short term and intermediate credit. Co-operative credit societies or co-operative peoples' banks alone can serve the needs of some classes in the community.

That groups of people, organized cooperatively, may command credit which as individuals they cannot command, is now generally recognized. It may be, as European experience would seem to indicate, that in co-operative credit and banking lies the salvation of agricultural finance. Banking, like any other human activity, will depend for its success-its safety, combined with satisfactory service-upon the quality of management and direction it receives and the loyalty of those interested and concerned in the business. No laws and no governmental agencies can guard against the effects of incompetence and apathy, though they can detect and punish the incompetent and the criminal.

The condition to be avoided is that in which, through over-anxiety to protect people from the consequences of their own mismanagement and lack of interest or precaution, the development of institutions suited to their peculiar genius is prevented. The application of initiative and energy in banking is just as necessary as in any other sphere, and the conclusion can hardly be avoided that Canadian banking law does almost completely close the door to the development of institutions calculated to solve the prob-lems associated with their short term and intermediate credit for farmers and other classes whose individual resources are inadequate to supply their credit

needs, however sound "moral risks" they may be.

Existing legislation confers a virtual monopoly on the large chartered banks, and the state itself aids them in their operation. The protection of bank shareholders and depositors by laws regulating banks has, it is true, become essential. The individual shareholder or depositor finds it impossible to exercise supervision over, or to obtain sufficient knowledge of, the banks' operations and is, therefore, unable to protect his own interests. The state has been compelled to place the banks under legal necessity to supply certain information, to maintain certain reserve funds and to comply with regulations calculated to protect their shareholders and depositors. Confidence in the existing banks-and confidence is the basis of all banking operations-has been maintained by this legislation. But the ability of the people at large to establish banks as and when their interest dictates, has been almost completely sacrificed. Regulation by the state bids fair to develop a monopoly in banking which may ultimately compel state ownership and operation of banks. If private initiative is to be invoked in the solution of the credit and banking needs of agriculturists and other classes similarly placed, those engaging in the enterprise must be prepared to accept its risks along with its benefits, and legislative regulation must be relaxed sufficiently to enable private enterprise to be applied under favorable conditions.

The state must either provide banking institutions adequate to the needs of the

people, or it must so frame its regulatory legislation as to enable the people to provide them for themselves. To place in the possession of a few large corporations existing for private profit a quasimonopoly which fails to satisfy the whole requirements of the speople, or which has the power to refuse satisfaction except at undue cost, is an abuse of legislative power. If the state, on the other hand, places it in the power of its people to establish institutions suitable to their needs, or to set up banking facilities in competition with those already in existence, if they fail to render service or render it at undue cost, a valuable corrective is supplied, even though the powers in question may never be exercised. No monopoly exists when individuals or groups are at liberty to provide their own

(Continued on page 14)

NEWS FROM THE ALBERTA WHEAT POOL HEAD OFFICE

A Page of Information for Wheat Pool Members and Locals.

Forty Pool Elevators Are Now in Operation in This Province

New Elevators Just Completed Commence Business — Over 2,000,000 Bushels Handled by About Thirty Elevators Since Season Opened — Negotiations for Alberta Terminal Elevator

Forty elevators owned by the Alberta Pool Elevators, Ltd., are now in operation in this Province. A number of these, which have been constructed for the Pool, have been completed and brought into operation since our last issue went to press.

Well over 2,000,000 bushels of wheat have been handled since the season opened, by the total of just over 30 Pool elevators which have been in operation since that time. Considering the lateness of the season in several important crop districts, this makes a very creditable showing. Some of the elevators have handled in excess of 100,000 bushels, and in exceptional cases more than 150,000 has been handled.

Early in the shipping season, it was announced that the Coaldale Pool elevator had received over 30,000 bushels and shipped over 20,000 bushels in the course of three consecutive days. Later figures show that for the fourteen consecutive days the same elevator received approximately 110,000 bushels and shipped approximately 65,000 bushels.

The manager of the Pool elevators, C.

The manager of the Pool elevators, C. M. Hall, states that the Pool members are patronizing their own elevators apparently to the fullest extent possible, and that only lack of larger facilities has prevented a much greater handling. While reference has been made to the receipts at Coaldale, there are various

While reference has been made to the receipts at Coaldale, there are various other points correspondingly good. At a number of points records will be established for the handling of grain for the season.

Owing to the lateness of the season, it will not be possible for the Pool to build many additional elevators before the spring.

Three boats loaded with Pool wheat have been loaded at the Alberta Pool elevator at Prince Rupert in record time. The Vancouver Harbor Board has agreed to enter into negotiations with a view to leasing No. 1 Terminal Elevator of the Harbor Board, to the Pool.

Pr. Rupert Opened as Grain Port Under Favorable Auspices

New Chapter in Canada's Marine History When First Wheat Cargoes Loaded From North Port

The trend of trade and commerce is northward, a new port was added and a new development started in Canada's

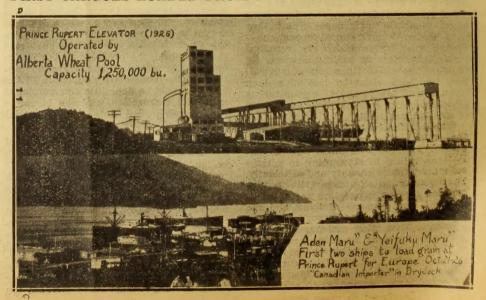
STEADY STREAM OF NEW CONTRACTS

New contracts are coming in to the Alberta Wheat Pool office in a steady stream, a total of 663 having been received from October 1st to November 10th, inclusive. Of these no fewer than 415 have been sent in since October 15th, when the results of the Pool's operations for the last crop season were finally announced. The total number of contracts is now 37,666.

marine history when the "Aden Maru", flag ship of the "K" line, steamed out from Prince Rupert on October 26th loaded full with wheat for Europe. At the same time the "Yeifuku Maru" of the same fleet, berthed at the elevator for further cargo.

Prince Rupert as a grain port opened up under very favorable circumstances. The lining of the first ship was completed in good time, and the elevator loaded this cargo in a period which would compare very favorably with any other port in the world. A still further improvement was noticeable in the loading of the "Yeifuku Maru", and the

FIRST CARGOES LOADED FROM ALBERTA POOL ELEVATOR



"Tofuku Maru", which was the third steamer to load, was completed in very fast time, having berthed late Friday and completed Saturday night.

It is seldom that a new port and a new elevator are put into operation without some delays, but in this case everything went off smoothly, and it is to the credit of the officials of the Canadian National Railways, the Canadian Government Merchant Marine, who were responsible for the lining of the ships, and also the officials of the Wheat Pool elevator that they were able to handle their first ships so satisfactorily. The people of Prince Rupert feel that a new era of prosperity is on the way due to the movement of wheat through this port, and they are giving their close co-operation to the project.

So far the grain movement through

So far the grain movement through this port has been confined to shipments to Europe, but a November ship will load at Prince Rupert for the Orient, and due to the very favorable geographical position that the port occupies, it is expected that a big business will develop in this direction. The line itself from Edmonton to Prince Rupert has been found very satisfactory; cars of grain move with despatch and without any unfortunate incidents occurring. It is found that more grain could be hauled with less motor power than any other competitive line, and this in itself should be a big factor in the future development of the port.—G. McI.

FROM THE SECRETARY'S DESK

Member Contracts to Sell All Grain He Owns to Pool

Statement Concerning Renter Appearing in "Legal Information" Department of Monthly Periodical Is Incorrect

In the "Legal Information" column of a monthly periodical circulating in Western Canada, the following question

and answer recently appeared:

"(2) C rented a farm from D on the usual crop share contract. C also owns a farm and has signed a contract with the Pool, but D's farm was not signed into the Pool. Has C to deliver his grain into the Pool that was grown on D's farm? At the time of signing Pool contract C had only signed the contract for all grain grown on his own farm."

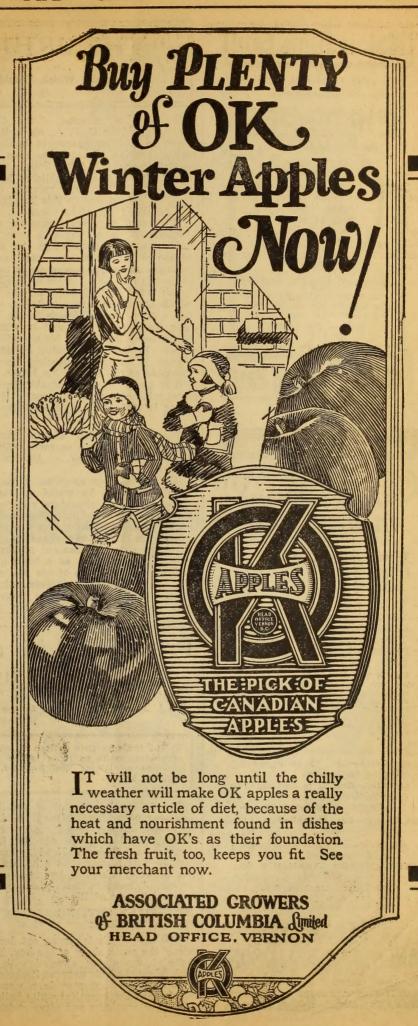
to which the following answer appears:

"(2) We have not C's Pool contract
before us, but judging from the facts
stated, the Pool can have no claim on
grain grown on the rented farm."

This answer is incorrect inasmuch as the terms of the Pool Agreement obligate a member to market through the Pool all wheat over which he has the selling right in the Province wherein his Pool Contract is operative. Clause 4 of our contract provides as follows:

"The grower covenants and agrees to consign and deliver to the Association or its order at the time and place designated by the Association all of the wheat and the warehouse or storage receipts covering it produced or acquired by or for him in the Province of Alberta, except registered seed

(Continued on page 22)



Makes Hens Lay!

Keep your poultry in healthy, vigorous condition with

ICKAD for POULTRY



Increases Egg Production

Rich in vitamins which stimulate the appetite and aid digestion. Ask your Poultry Supply Dealer. Send for free booklet.

E. W. GILLETT CO. LTD.
Toronto, Canada.

Makes Poultry Pay



It must seem an age since you spent a Christmas at the family fireside in England, and it will seem even longer to the people

Yuletide reminds us that time is fleeting and we must hurry if we are ever again to have the pleasure of a family re-union of

Cunard and Anchor-Donaldson steamers from Halifax or St. John, N.B. will take you home in time for Christmas this year. The voyage across is economical, comfortable and entertaining and you will travel with pleasant companions, mostly bound on the same errand as yourself.

Special Holiday Sailings from Halifax: ANTONIA-Dec. 13 to Plymouth,

Cherbourg, London. LETITIA-Dec. 12 to Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow.

FROM ST. JOHN, N.B.

LETITIA-Dec. 11 to Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow.

Ask your Steamship Agent for information or write—

THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP CO., Limited

204 Leeson-Lineham Block, Eighth Ave. W., Calgary, or 270 Main Street, Winnipeg.

CANADIAN SERVICE 179

THE BRIDGE TO LIBERTY"

A Pamphlet Which Should Be in the Possession of Every Member of the U. F. A.

At a recent meeting of the Central Executive of the U. F. A., authority was given to the newspaper to further by every possible means the sale of a pamphlet entitled, "The Bridge to Liberty," which has been published by R. C. Owens (a well known veteran of the Farmers' Movement in this Province) at

the advanced age of 92 years.

We would urge every member of the Association to purchase a copy. The noble idealism with which the writing of one of the finest men who has ever participated in our movement is imbued, cannot fail to be a source of inspiration to all who are carrying on the work which Mr. Owens, in association with a few others, was instrumental in beginning many years ago, and to which he has devoted the best of his energies ever since. In the late evening of life, Mr. Owens is entirely dependent upon the proceeds of the sale of his books.

The pamphlet is obtainable from Mr. Owens himself, price 25 cents. His address is 9325 105th Avenue, Edmonton. *

Below we publish a fine character sketch of Mr. Owens, recently written by Elmer Roper, editor of the Alberta Labor

Six feet tall, as erect as a youth of twenty, and, as he walks on the city streets with his shoulders squared and his head held high, the passer-by would never dream that here was a man over whose life ninety-two years of active days had rolled. Clean-cut of physique, with a mind as keen as a boy's and an interest in the things of life that should put many who are in their prime to shame, R. C. Owens is the Grand Old Man of the Farmer and Labor movements of Alberta. From his childhood he has been interested in social and economic questions, and has devoted his life to the task of arousing working people in the cities and on the farms to the



R. C. OWENS

need of co-operative action in their own behalf. One of the founders of the old Equity Society, its first president and organizer, to him, possibly to a greater extent than any other, must be given credit for the spade work, the foundation

(Continued on page 18)

Primitive Life and Ultra-Civilization Mingle in Streets of Rio

W. J. Jackman, en Route to the Argentine, Gives Impressions of Cities and Harbors of South America

The second article written by W. J. Jackman, while en route to the Ar-gentine on Wheat Pool business, is printed below.

Rio de Janeiro, capital of Brazil, was our next port of call after Barbados. It is always a matter of controversy between travellers as to whether Rio de Janeiro or Sydney, N.S.W., has the world's best harbor. As a harbor, Sydney, with the state of the ney probably wins out, but as to scenery it cannot compare with the wonderful tropical beauty of Rio.

BEAUTIFUL SETTING OF RIO HARBOR

The city of Rio is strung out for miles along the south shore of the bay, backed by high mountains, covered with tropical forests, which prevent its being ex-tended inland, but provide a wonderful setting for the beautiful white buildings. Primitive rusticity and ultra civilization

meet on its streets, and the peasant's mule, down from the hills with a huge pannier on each flank laden with live chickens or fresh vegetables, obstinately refuses to budge from the centre of the road to make way for the honking limousine with its liveried chauffeur.

The harbor has splendid wharves, with fine modern equipment, but efficiency is lacking and work is slow. The energy which should move cargoes is wasted on gesticulation and tongue wagging.

We unloaded a thousand tons of mixed cargo of American origin: motor cars, flour, fresh apples and pears, machinery and ammunition; nothing from Canada. We took on a little coffee for Argentina.

EXPORTS BEST COFFEE—ALL OF IT

Brazil produces about three-quarters of the world's supply of coffee. The finest coffee comes from Brazil—all of it. None of it seems to stay there. I drank the world's worst coffee at a res-

taurant on the principal avenue in Rio. It is said that Brazil produces eleven grades of coffee for export, and the twelfth grade, unfit for export, is used at home. The Brazilian doesn't notice the quality, as he half fills his cup with sugar and can taste nothing else.

A striking object in the harbor is the huge dry dock which was constructed in England and floated to Rio a year or two ago. It broke loose from the tugs in a storm in mid-Atlantic and was lost for several days, but was ultimately re-covered and safely delivered. It now contains half Brazil's battleships (the

older one) in process of repair.

The bay is full of rocky islands, large and small, with prisons and quarantine stations on sites isolated by nature from the community; but the most impressive objects are the concealed batteries which at a distance, with their cunningly rounded tops of smooth concrete, look like a score of other islets of solid rock jutting out of the water, but which contain heavy modern artillery for the protection of the city. Almost within a stone's throw ashore are quaint looking old fortresses of a day long past, with little slits for musketry.

A WORLD OF CONTRASTS

This is a world of contrasts. Running down the coast of Brazil our steamer, a fine up-to-date boat of 21,000 tons displacement, passed a number of Indian fishing boats of the most primitive kind—really not boats at all, but mere flat rafts, with a box for the fish, and no shelter of any kind for the fisherman. The little sail drove the "boat" along at an amazing speed over the rough sea, into which it would apparently disappear now and then, only to bob up again on the next wave. We saw these craft fifteen and twenty miles out from land, and I could not help thinking that an appro-priate name for one of them would be a name I saw crudely painted on one of the native row boats at Barbados, "INGODWETRUST."

Three days' steaming from Rio brought us to Monte Video, the capital of Uruguay, another beautiful city, with quaint narrow cobblepaved streets climbing the waterfront.

The first thing that strikes a northern visitor to Monte Video is the number of its police and the splendor of their garb. The place literally swarms with them swarthy little men, with spiked military helmets and bright blue uniforms, armed with rifles and heavy revolvers. But for showiness the police are surpassed by the National Guard, with their dark blue uniforms with bright scarlet facings. As a contrast, a troop of cavalry came clattering through the streets wearing dull khaki service uniforms. Uruguay seems "well heeled."

PUTS TO SHAME ALBERTA'S BEST

Canadian citizens who are inclined to cavil at the expenditures on our public buildings at home should see the Parliament buildings at Monte Video. They were commenced some years ago, and were to cost a million. Twenty millions are said to have been spent, and the work is still going on. The edifice is small. It would go into one wing of the Alberta Government building. But for gorgeous interior decoration it is in a class by itself. It makes Alberta's best look like a whitewashed cellar.

W. J. JACKMAN.

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A new stock feed and tonic. A heavy undiluted molasses containing about 50 per cent. sugar with tonic salts.

Feed it with your roughage or alfalfa.

Produce either milk, fat, or fire condition at low cost.



Order a drum now. Steel drums of 450 Cost \$8.75 F.O.B. Raymond less \$3.00 for refund empties.

Inquire at nearest U. G. G. elevator, Feed or Grocery Store, or order from us direct.

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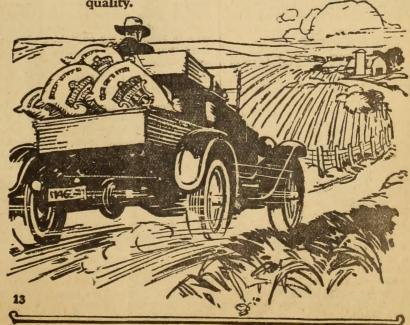
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A new oil lamp that gives an amazingly brilliant, soft, white light, even better than gas or electricity, has been tested by the U. S. Government and 35 leading universities and found to be superior to 10 ordinary oil lamps. It burns without odor, smoke or noise—no pumping up, is simple, clean, safe. Burns 94% air and 6% common kerosene (coal oil)

air and 6% common kerosene (coal oil).

The inventor, G. N. Johnson, 138
Portage Avenue East, Winnipeg, is offering to send a lamp on 10 days' FREE trial, or even to give one FREE to the first user in each locality who will help him introduce it. Write him today for full particulars. Also ask him to explain how you can get the agency, and without experience or money make \$250 to \$500 per month.

News From the Alberta Poultry Pool Head Office

Co-operation of Producers Essential to Success of Poultry Pool

Maximum Shipments Mean Minimum Raies—Get Together and Obtain Minimum Rate—Let the Pool Know What Can Be Assembled at Your Shipping Point

By H. C. McDANIEL, Pre sident Alberta Poultry Pool

The Egg and Poultry Pool is making a sincere effort to give you efficient service in the assembling and marketing of your poultry this fall, but like all cooperative enterprises it can give the very best results only if it has the constant and sincere co-operation of the producers of the commodity.

There is considerable overhead expense in the assembly of poultry, and this is increased if the poultry of your community is delivered to a number of agencies, instead of to one.

At some points, cars of four or five different concerns attempt to load poultry in one week. None of them get a worth-while shipment, but the cost of stopping the car at that point is the same as if they did, and must be paid by someone.

YOU CAN ELIMINATE EXCESSIVE COSTS

You will readily see that such excessive costs can be materially reduced if your community will get together and deliver all your poultry to one concern. This saving can be paid to you provided the concern to whom you make delivery is friendly to you and interested in securing a profit for you rather than for itself.

The Provincial Egg and Poultry Marketing Service has been co-operating with the Pool in assembling jointly at many points, loading Pool and non-Pool poultry together, but even then, at some points, not sufficient amounts of poultry have been received to make economical shipments. Other agencies have had cars at these points and have received a portion of the poultry there. This results in each getting so light a shipment there that costs of handling are excessively high.

WILL PAY ALL YOUR POULTRY BRINGS

The Pool and Marketing Service will pay to you all that your poultry bring, less necessary charges; you can expect no more, if as much, from any other concern. If the handling charges are kept down it will be through co-operation on your part, by getting together with your neighbors and delivering poultry in such quantities as will ship at the lowest possible cost.

The Pool is a producer agency, set up by producers themselves, who have signed contracts to deliver to the Pool. Its aim is to serve such contract signers.

The Marketing Service is an agency set up by the Provincial Department of Agriculture prior to the formation of the Pool. Its aim is to serve those poultry producers who have not signed Pool con-

tracts and to co-operate with the Pool to help the poultry industry.

MAXIMUM SHIPMENTS MEAN MINIMUM RATES

Neither the Pool nor Marketing Service is trying to make a profit for anyone except you. Both are anxious to give you efficient service. Each is handicapped to a considerable extent by your failure to help. They want to handle your poultry and get back to you every cent that is possible for it. This can never be done so long as various agencies are assembling small shipments at all country points. Minimum shipment of anything costs the maximum rate. Maximum shipments secure the minimum rates. Get together and get the minimum rate.

Write "The Egg and Poultry Pool, Edmonton," and tell them what you have and what can be assembled at your point. They will tell you what is best to do. They can help you, but you must do your part, too.

Further Pointers on Care of Poultry to Get Best Results

Proper Feeding and Lighting Will Mean Big Increase in Egg Production

In the last issue of "The U. F. A." you were told something of the rudiments of hen house construction. It might be well if you are building, to see if you can get some of the new flexible glass or glass cloth, as some call it. This glass, it is claimed by the manufacturers, lets through the ultra-violet rays of the sun, which other glass does not do. If so, it is a wonderful improvement over other glasses. It is cheaper, too, and not so easily broken. Most hardware stores handle it or can get it for you. This only takes the place of the ordinary window and is not a ventilator.

When you have your hen house finished and fresh straw on the scratch floor and the chickens inside, it may be best to keep them inside, at least from the beginning of cold weather in the late fall until the good weather sets in next spring.

the good weather sets in next spring.

In the morning scatter about a quart of wheat in the straw on the scratch floor to the hundred hens, and don't feed any more wheat till just before roosting time. If you are not using evening lights give them in pans or boxes all the whole wheat they can eat just before they go to roost, because the nights are long and

whole wheat digests slowly and keeps them from getting hungry too long be-fore daylight. But wheat alone does not make many eggs, so make up a mash, consisting of 100 pounds wheat, 100 pounds good oats and 50 pounds barley or corn, all ground fine together, and if you can sift out the hulls so much the better. Add to this mash about 30 pounds com-mercial beef scrap which you will have to buy at the store, then sprinkle in a pound and a half of fine salt, and if not too much trouble, sift out the fine flour from a few pounds of oyster shell and mix in also. Mix all thoroughly and put in a trough over which slats are nailed to keep the hens from scratching in it, and when the hens get hungry from hunting wheat in the straw, they will go to this trough and fill up on this dry mash, which makes eggs.

Now this is not the most productive or scientific feed for eggs, by any means, but you nearly all have the grain and can get to a feed mill and you will get results from it, and I feel sure that once you begin to get results you will be sufficiently interested to keep on and seek information to give better results. Along with the feed be sure to give plenty of good, clean water or milk. Have fresh meat where they can pick at it at all times; plenty of rabbits most everywhere, skin one and hang it where the hens can get at it, and as fast as they clean the bones, hang up another.

THE SUPPLY OF SUCCULENT FEED

Then, for succulent feed, if you have alfalfa shake off the leaves, dampen them overnight and feed, not too much the first week, but after that all they want, if fed regularly. If no alfalfa, give them mangles, carrots, beets or sugar beets. Cabbage and onions are said to flavor the eggs. Potatoes bolled with a bone in them help some. Keep plenty of oyster-shell handy. They like the coarse shell the best hence the mixing of the fine in the mash. If you can keep some moist loam where they can lie in the sun in it the hens will be thankful to you; not too moist, about right for planting. If you will take the trouble to sprout oats to feed them, you will be well repaid. Feed in the straw with the wheat, same quantity or more.

Cover up or take away the wheat in the pans or boxes after the birds go to roost so they cannot get at it next morning. If the nights are very cold, put some snow over in one corner so they can get a drink in the morning if the water is frozen over and you do not get around to give them fresh water when they come off the perch. If they sit on the perches in the day time feed less on the scratch floor, but have plenty of the mash in the trough or hoppers all the time.

SHOULD GET 2½ TO 3 DOZEN EGGS DAILY

Now, if you have the right kind of hens, you ought to get two and one-half to three dozen eggs per day to the 100 hens. You can increase that to four, or maybe five dozen, by using lights. One gasoline lantern will do fairly well, hung over the scratch floor for a hundred hens. Two are better and are enough for two hundred hens. Light up when it gets dusk, and leave till around 8 o'clock, then turn off the bright lights and give them a dim light to go to roost by.—H. C. McD.

Hot Oats — for chilly mornings

Nothing makes you feel so good on a chilly morning as a breakfast of delicious hot oatmeal porridge. And morning hours of heavy work require sustaining food. Quaker Oats is the best cereal for early breakfasts. Active workers find in this nourishing food all the important elements which build bone and brawn, repair wornout tissue and renew bodily vigor and energy. Delicious too, because all the nut-like flavour of the golden grain is retained in Quaker milling. Quaker Oats, the large flake. Quick Quaker, the only quick-cooking oat with the rare Quaker Oats flavour. In sealed cartons, at all grocers.

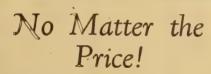
Quick Quaker packages marked "Chinaware" each contain a piece of delicate imported chinaware in blue and gold. The cartons marked "Aluminumware" contain useful articles of aluminum for the kitchen.



Quaker Oats —you have known since childhood

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EVERY girl is proud to own an engagement ring that bears the stamp "Birks." And every fiancee can have that satisfaction.



Seven stone diamond Cluster, platinum head, gold shank, \$150.00. 

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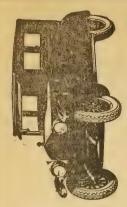
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HIRD PRIZE -Total value \$700



FIRST PRIZE—Essex Six Cylinder Coach, \$1,190 f.o.b. Winnipeg.

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FIRST PRIZE—Pontiac Six Cylinder Coach, \$1,240 f.o.b. Winnipeg. addition to the five cars trated on this page, e are two other cars, a Star Touring and an Overland "Whippet" Touring car, for you to choose from. These two cars are listed below as the alternative second OBEY THAT IMPULSE

**SOURTH PRIZE—Total value \$460. \$300 cash, plus fifteen time the amount sent in up to \$1

plun \$20 canh extra

1 2 A A A

plus fifteen times sent in up to \$10. \$200 cash, plus ten times the amount sent in up to \$10.

\$100 cash, plus five times the amount sent in up to \$10.

the SEVENTH PRIZE—Total value \$100. \$100. \$80 cash, plus two times the amount sent in up to \$10.

EIGHTH, NINTH AND TENTH PRIZES \$50 each.

THIRTY PRIZES-Cash \$20 each. THIRTY PRIZES-Cash \$10 each. THIRTY PRIZES—Cash \$5.00

\$1,650 Studebaker and \$750 extra cash. (See Prize List). \$2,400.00

30 "Special Prizes" \$150

Thirty "Special Prizes" will be awarded ten contestants in each of the provinces Manitobe, Saskatchewan and Alberta con each in the first corner or nearest reef, answers on or before Norenken.

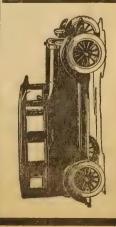
\$50.00	3.00 2.00 \$50.00	th Prize 3.00 Prizes each 2.00
	9.00	d Prize 5.00
	10.00	nd Prize 10.00
	\$20.00	Prize\$20.00
	Sask.	Manitoba

ning of a special prize does not any way with your winning other prizes. As the correct in not be announced until after t closes, special prizes will be the same time as all other the same time as all other awarded at prizes.

It only takes a short time to solve the problem. There are ten prizes to be awarded to ten persons in each of the preside provinces. Why not go after a "Special" prize tonight? Who can solve the puzzle in the shortest time?

THE CORRECT ANSWER

Premier Bracken and Mr. Crerat each erased one or more figures from the puzzle picture. Neither of them knew what figures the other erased, nor does any member of The Guide's staff possess this information. Each official made a note of the figures he erased and placed this information in a sceled envelope in his way sifted the contest closes. Until these factors will after the contest closes. Until these partners there erased the artist and Contest Department knew the correct total. After be contest closes Premiers Bracken and Mr. Crerat will make known the numbers they erased these will make known the numbers they erased the other contest closes Premier Bracken and Mr. Crerat will make known the numbers they erased the other will make known the numbers they erased for in other words, the correct answer to other problem is the sum total of all the figures in the picture printed herewith.



t Five-Winni-SECOND PRIZE—Chevrolet Passenger Sedan, \$1,070 f.o.b. W peg.

NAME...

Add together the figures in the picture thus: 6-|-2-|-9-|-7=21. The sum total of all the figures is the answer to the problem. Every figure is complete and the drawing is entirely free from tricks and illusions. There are no figures hidden in the background. The figures range from 2 to 9, each standing alone thus 2. 3. 4. 5. 6, 7, 8 and 9. Note that there are no ones (1), nor ciphers (0) in the chart. The tops of the nines are closed and the bottoms are straight. The sixes have a curved top and the bottom is not closed. By looking at any figure carefully you can easily tell what it is. However, to pick out all the figures and add them together is a task that requires a little

patience and skill. This is the most attractive figure puzzle that has ever been produced. It is fascinating and will give you many a thrill Even were no prizes offered it would be worth while trying to solve it. In the event that no one obtains the exact answer the prizes will be awarded for the nearest correct solutions.

It must be clearly understood that there are no figures in any part of the picture, except those which form the horse and rider and the shadow undermeath. There is no trick in this puzzle. Every ligure can be clearly seen. There are no figures hidden amongst the clouds, hills or cattle.

6. The contest will anuary, but send in your s soon as possible, as the perial prizes for early enders. For full detail

s in any tunity. You can win the First rese and Prize and \$50 in cash on a one in this the value of the first six prizes of figures increases if you send in more money (see Prize List). And to win the maximum value of the Graud Prize. Bitter new or renewal subscriptions collected from friends or subscriptions collected from friends or will be applied to your \$100 for three amazingly low cost of \$1,00 for three years, you can easily presude a friend or years.

8. You can submit as many answer is as you like providing each answer is frome of your answers is correct money sent in with your other answer will not increase the total value of

to send in an answer themselves, may so, providing they write on the compon name of the person they paid their surption to also the amount paid. I turker payment is necessary.

10. Contestants should remit by post note, bonk, postal or express money order These should be made payable to They can Growers' Guide.

11. Only one person in any household can win a regular prize. No solution can be changed after it is once registered.

econd puzzle will be presented, which will be as practicable and as solvable as the first. Only those tied for a prize will be be permitted to solve puzzle No. 2. Should two or nore persons be tied for a prize that prize and as many prizes following as there are persons tied, will be reserved for them before any prizes will be awarded for less correct solutions.

13. The Contest Department of The Grain Growers' Guide reserves the right to alter the rules and regulations for the protection of confestants or the Guide; to retund autoscriptions and disqualify any retund autoscriptions and disqualify any competitors whom they consider undesirable, and to finally decide all questions able, and to finally decide all questions which may arise. Competitors against

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By saving this announcement, you may easily win the \$2.400 00 Grand Award. Special prizes are offered for the first nearest correct solutions sent in jut. if you are too busy to solve the puzzle today, keep this page until you can work at it. Your chance of winning a prize is just as good if you don't send your answer in until the contest closes on January 31.



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touch of the hand provide closed car comfort in thirty seconds. Some of its features are automatic spark control, steering gear lock, genuine leather upholstering, improved emergency brake and safety light control, combination stop and tail light, improved thre carrier, oil drain valve, oil filter and waterproof ignition.

THE GRAIN GROWERS' GUIDE, WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

on the range, and if this is the winning My answer to the problem is......attle answer, send the prize to me to the following address:

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Winnipeg, Manitoba Guide, The Grain Growers

The Contest Department, care of

69-

.... Amount

Answer sent in.......Date......

Address correspondence

NOTE-If your subscription was sent in by another contestant you must put his or her name and address below:

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DEVELOPMENT OF BANKING (Continued from page 6)

banking services; but this liberty is not enjoyed when legislative restrictions are onerous or in practice prevent new institutions from being developed. To restore a lost liberty, or power for self-service, is not to compel action to be taken or the power to be made use of.

In the gradual evolution of the laws governing Canadian currency and banking, some anomalies have inevitably arisen. Thus our metallic coinage is still provided by a Royal Mint, belonging to the British Government. Some regulatory functions in relation to banks are exercised by the Canadian Bankers' Association, some by the Treasury Board and some by the Department of Finance. In existing conditions, these anomalies produce no very undesirable results; but conditions are constantly changing, and legislation should be, as far as possible, drawn to permit of legitimate changes and developments freely taking place. CIRCUMSTANCES MIGHT NECES-SITATE NATIONAL CURRENCY

The issuance of currency is commonly regarded as a governmental function and while some portion of Canadian currency is provided by the Dominion Government, by far the greater amount in ordinary circulation is issued by the banks them selves under conditions laid down by the law. The withdrawal from the banks of this privilege would constitute a revolution in Canadian banking, only to be justified by the existence of serious abuses. No abuse of the right to issue currency is known to exist. But circumstances may easily arise in which a national currency, in the strict sense of the term, might be required and the establishment betimes of machinery capable of supplying that requirement without dislocation of business or serious inconvenience, would be a wise provision.

Similarly the double liability now resting upon bank shareholders, however suitable to existing conditions, could not be insisted upon in relation to banks founded under different circumstances or to co-operative banks. The treatment of shareholders in banks differently from the shareholders in other corporate businesses is not, in itself, very desirable, nor has it been as effective as may have been anticipated. Provision for its removal if and when banks surrendered or lost the right to issue currency, might reasonably he made. Consolidation of reasonably be made. the scattered functions performed by the Treasury Board, the Department of Finance, the trustees of the gold reserve, etc., would lend greater stability and coherence to the banking system and would enable changes to be made in response to changing needs with less resistance and confusion.

SUGGESTIONS ADVANCED TO C. C. A.

In the light of these considerations, and of considerable study of banking conditions and institutions elsewhere, the following suggestions are advanced as embodying a policy which the Canadian Council of Agriculture might advocate with benefit to the rural communities with which it is chiefly concerned, and with benefit also to the banking system of the country in its relation to the future needs of the people:

NATIONAL BANK OF

ISSUE AND REDISCOUNT

1. The establishment of a National Bank of Issue and Re-Discount. In this bank stock would be taken by the Dominion Government, the chartered banks in proportion to their capitalization, and, in certain circumstances, the Provincial To it should be trans-Governments. ferred the duties now performed by the Treasury Board and the Canadian Bankers' Association, together with the custody of the Central Gold Reserve and the Circulation Redemption Fund. Government banking should also be handled by the National Bank. The bank should not receive deposits from the public or carry on a general banking business in competition with the chartered banks. should take over the Dominion note issue and the making of loans to banks such as are now made under the Finance Act, expanding this function as the need develops, into a general re-discounting business similar to that done by the Federal Reserve Banks in the United States.

Ample business for a National Bank is already available, but its readiness to conduct re-discounting business—to act as a bankers' bank—will make possible the relaxation of the present quasi-monopoly enjoyed by the eleven chartered banks, through the passage of legislation enabling local banks to be established where there is the genuine need and desire to establish them. This brings us to the second suggestion:

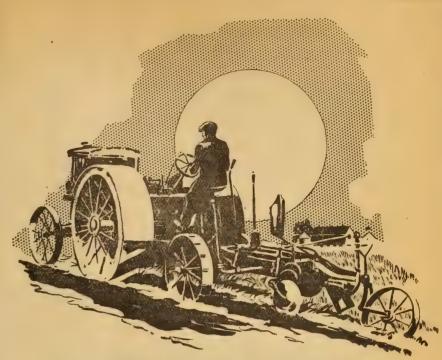
PROVISION FOR LOCAL BANKS

2. The Bank Act to be amended or a supplementary act passed, permitting the formation of Local Banks with a minimum capitalization of \$35,000. banks would not be permitted to issue notes or to make loans in excess of a given multiple of their capital. They would be required to obtain currency from the National Bank by deposit of securities and re-discounting (the National Bank maintaining an adequate gold reserve) and to deposit a percentage of their deposits with the National Bank as a reserve (say 15 or 20 per cent.). return they would enjoy the re-discounting privileges extended by the National Bank. They would be subject to strict inspection and the National Bank might, under safeguards, be empowered to institute a receivership and wind them up if and when improper management occurred.

This would mean the creation of a distinct class of bank, doing a local business and using national currency, whose shareholders and depositors (to a small extent) would be subject to ordinary business risks, like the shareholders of any other concern. The shareholders in such banks would not be subject to the double liability; on the other hand, the banks would not be liable for note circulation, and would maintain a reserve for the protection of depositors. maintenance of a sufficient reserve against deposits should be required of the present chartered banks also.

PERMISSION TO RELINQUISH NOTE ISSUE

3. Any bank chartered under the present law should continue unaffected. except by the changes resulting from the substitution of the National Bank for other regulating agencies as outlined in (1), and by the institution of a reserve against deposits. But any such bank de-



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siring to relinquish the right of note issue should be permitted to do so, its shareholders then being relieved of the double liability.

CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES

AND PEOPLE'S BANKS 4. To some extent the intermediate credit needs of agriculture would be met by the chartered banks under pressure of the possibility of competition from local banks, or by means of actual competition from this source, supposing the public to avail themselves of the opportunity provided. But in order to enable far-mers and citizens of small means to obtain the benefit of joint credit on personal and chattel mortgage security, Provincial and Federal legislation should be passed enabling Co-operative Credit Societies (short and intermediate), and people's banks to be set up. This legislation ought to be merely permissive. No pressure should be exerted to encourage premature ventures into co-operative finance. It is to be presumed, however, that if the complaints of farmers and others against existing banking and credit agencies are well founded, they will, in course of time, realize the value of co-operation as the real remedy. When that takes place the legislation will direct their efforts to help themselves by

joint action and liability.

Such Co-operative Credit Societies and banks should be permitted to do a re-discounting business with the National Bank under proper regulations. If formed under Provincial legislation the Provinces might be required to take some amount of stock in the National Bank proportioned to the use made of it by the co-operative Societies and banks.

operative Societies and banks.

Ample material and experience to form the basis for such proposed legislation is available. The Caisses Populairos of Quebec and the many examples of cooperative credit organizations should enable permissive laws to be drafted with

comparative ease. The suggestions made do not go extensively into detail. It is inevitable that innumerable points will arise in discussion of them which cannot be dealt with in a short memorandum. But the major issues have been touched upon and such a policy as that described would, if adopted, make a beginning with nationalizing the currency and would clear the ground of many difficulties at present imposed upon those who would endeavor to apply their own energy and initiative to the solution of their financial problems. The main consideration, in the opinion of the writer, is to avoid too much paternalism and state intervention in the performance of economic func-tions. Hence the recommendation of permissive rather than mandatory measures, accompanied by relaxation of legislative restrictions productive of the existing quasi-monopoly in banking.

HALLOWE'EN PARTY

Lockhart Juniors gave a very successful Hallowe'en party on October 30th. The hall was decorated appropriately, all wore fancy costumes and masks, and a witch told fortunes. A character sketch, ghost dance, log-cabin dance, slipper dance, and short program of music were followed by a short speech on Junior U. F. A. work by Miss Effie Gelin, secretary of the Local. The next meeting is to be a joint one with the seniors. This Local has undertaken a literary course, and a course of physical exercises.

COUNCIL OF AGRICULTURE WILL OFFER VIGOROUS OPPOSITION TO REDUCTION INCOME TAX

(Continued from page 4)

desirability of encouraging an adequate inflow of selected immigrants and of retaining within the country the natural increase of its population, but believes that the taxes imposed by the existing tariff and the necessity for the purchase of lands by settlers, often at unreasonable prices resulting from the exhaustion of available homestead lands, create conditions unfavorable to the success of agriculture, especially for new settlers. The Council believes that these conditions must be changed before any considerable growth of population can be induced or expected."

Regret was expressed by several members of the Council at the fact that for the first time in many years the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, Limited, was not represented at the meeting. The following resolution was adopted:

"Whereas, the membership of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, Limited, in the Canadian Council of Agriculture ceased when the decision of its shareholders to dispose of its assets to the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool became effective;

"Be It resolved, that the representatives of the Council's constituent bodies here met desire to place on record their high appreciation of the valuable services rendered to the Canadian Council of Agriculture and to the organized farmers of Canada by the Company throughout its existence, and their sense of loss, engendered by the absence from the sessions of the Council of the company's officers and representatives, whose counsel was always freely available in the formation of the Council's policies and decisions."

The executive was instructed to make a protest to the Government against the proposal that Moose Jaw be created an inspection point under the Canada Grain Act. It was felt by the Council that the expense which would be placed upon the railway companies if this proposal were carried out would be far greater than could be iustified by the additional service which would be rendered to the farmer and beside leading to similar demands from other cities would militate against the securing of freight rate reductions.

An invitation from the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome to appoint a representative on the new permanent Commission of Agricultural Associations was laid over to the next meeting in order that further information might be secured.

George F. Edwards, President of the Council and of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, occupied the chair, and others present were: Mrs. R. B. Gunn, president of the Women's Section of the Council; S. Lunn and A. F. Aitken, representing the United Farmers of Alberta; Hon. George Langley and Mrs. Hollis, representing the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association; A. J. M. Poole, Mrs. S. E. Gee and Peter Wright, representing the United Farmers of Manitoba; W. A. Amos representing the United Farmers of Ontario; Hon. T. A. Crerar. John Kennedy, J. J. McLellan and J. F. Reid, representing the United Grain Growers, Limited; R. D. Colquette and Miss A. Roe, representing the Grain Growers' Guide; A. E. Darby, of the Research Department, and J. W. Ward, secretary.



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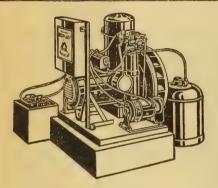
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Mail Your Work to W. J. OLIVER 128a Eighth Ave. West. Calgary, Alta. "THE BRIDGE TO LIBERTY" (Continued from page 8)

laying, of the great structure that is now known as the United Farmers of Alberta. The members of the U. F. A., with their economic and political organizations that are the wonder and admiration of the world, owe more than can easily be told to the man who, though even then he had reached his allotted span of life, tramped from farm to farm in the heat of summer and the bleakness of winter to bring about the organization of a farmer movement in this Province.

Yes, he is ninety-two years old. Though I hate to say it, it can't be many years before "Dad" Owens goes to reap the reward of service well done. I have no doubt that many eulogies will be pronounced about him then, and men will remember that here was the trail blazer, the pioneer, of the greatest farmer movement in existence. It will be the giving of honor where honor is certainly due But why wait five or ten or a dozen years, until he has passed beyond, to do it?

Mr. Owens has just published a booklet entitled "The Bridge to Liberty." It contains the observations on social questions of a man who looks a long way back on the events of history. After the long climb to the eminence of ninety-two years, having been active in work and study for more years than most of us will live, he gives to his readers the benefit of his thought and observation. "The Bridge to Liberty" should be in the hands of every person in the Farmer and Labor movement in this Province, on its own merit. In addition it is a souvenir that one will value when the name of R. C. Owens comes to be known as it should be known for his part in the formation of the U. F. A. But I am chiefly concerned here in bringing to the attention of my friends who read this the fact that Mr. Owens is dependent on the sale of his booklets. He would scorn your charity, brother, and he doesn't want or need your pity. But he needs to sell "The Bridge to Liberty."

I repeat that the booklet should be in the hands of every trade unionist and farmer in Alberta. And I am sure that no person who has the matter drawn to his attention will fail to respond to the opportunity of honoring in this way one to whom honor is so greatly due. I cannot conceive of any other circumstance which would move me to lend this column to an appeal of this kind, but I am going to appeal to my readers now to send me their orders for Mr. Owens' booklet. It costs twenty-five cents, and some day you will value it at that many dollars. Why not pin a dollar bill to your letter and let me send you four copies for distribution among your friends? You will get a glow of satisfaction out of doing that, I am sure. But, at any rate don't, please don't, fail to order at least one copy. It isn't necessary to say that every cent received will go to Mr. Owens; but even more important than the money he receives out of the sale of the booklets, I'm sure will be the happiness and satisfaction he will get when he knows that his message is being broadcast throughout this big Province. Help me to give him that happiness; will you, brother?

["The Bridge to Liberty" can be ob-

tained from Mr. Owens direct, or from "The U. F. A." offices in bulk. How many do you want?—Editor "The U. F. A."]

TWO CLASSES OF PEOPLE WHO ARE DISTURBED BY OPERATIONS OF THE WHEAT POOL

(Continued from page 1)

were sent out, the other day, impresses more than if a great noise had been made about the affair. For his last year's crop, the farmer, on delivery, received a minimum payment. A substantial dividend came later, and now, the year's transactions have been cleared up and what amounts to a bonus of 5 cents bushel is paid. Any organization which can gather \$9,000,000 out of the year's sweepings is worthy of respect. It year's sweepings is worthy of respect. It is a big concern. The Wheat Pool is a big concern. It may have handled less than half of last year's crop, but even that gave it a turnover which could probably not be matched by any other business in Canada outside the two transcontinental railways. And the Pool is only three years old is only three years old.

"The Pool is benefiting Western Can-ada in several ways. It is cutting the cost of handling the wheat crop and is passing on to the farmer the benefit of the economies it effects. It is giving the farmer more confidence in himself and in his calling. And it is reducing the element of chance in grain growing. Of chance with the elements there is still enough to satisfy anyone. But since payments are made on a basis of average prices, it is no longer necessary for the farmer to be a speculator whether he wants to or not. As the business of the Pool grows and as a larger percentage of the farmers of the West come into it, it may be possible for the co-operative organization to bring about still further economies in marketing by spreading transportation more evenly over the year and by feeding out the crop in accordance with the demand."

WE HAVE OUR "SUSPECTIONS" ABOUT THIS

The press of Europe and America and Australia has recently contained numerous articles upon the subject of the visit of President Wood and George McIvor to the Orient and the Antipodes. It has remained, however, for a reporter of the China Dally News of Tientsin to make certain revelations which all the other papers have missed. We are informed that bright young Chinese are sometimes employed on the staffs of English

ployed on the staffs of English language newspapers published in the Far East. One of them, possessed of the twin gifts of originality and imagination, may have been responsible for the following item in the Tientsin newspaper (whose accuracy we will not undertake to guarantee): "Among arrivals at the Astor House Hotel are Compte de Bolgne from Peking, Captain and Mrs. W. C. Cronkhite, who are making a short stay before returning to America, and Messrs. C. Y. W. Wood and George McIvor. The two last mentioned are officials of the Canadian Pacific Railway, who have made a tour of suspection of the Far East."

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SECOND TRAIN leave Winnipeg 10 a.m., November 25, to Quebec (direct via north line), for sailing of S.S. "Regina," Nov. 27, to Belfast, Glasgow, Liverpool.

THIRD TRAIN leave Winnipeg 4:30 p.m., December 2, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Pennland," Dec. 6, to Plymouth, Cherbourg, Antwerp.

FOURTH TRAIN leave Winnipeg 10 a.m., December 9, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Letitla," Dec. 12, to Belfast, Liverpool, Glasgow.

FIFTH TRAIN leave Winnipeg 4:30 p.m., December 9, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Baltic," Dec. 13, to Queenstown, Liverpool.

SIXTH TRAIN leave Winnipeg 10 a.m., December 10, to Halifax, for sailing of S.S. "Antonia," Dec. 13, to Plymouth, Cherbourg, London.

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The U.F.W.A. and Junior Branch

The Advantages of University Week for Farm Young People

Being the Essay of the Winner of Second Prize in the Recent Junior Contest

By "THE SUNRISE JUNIORS", Strathmore

Among the numerous advantages afforded farm young people by University Week, the change of environment is probably the greatest.

Recreation is a very essential element necessary to the welfare of humanity, and during University Week recreation was provided for the delegates and visitors in various different forms. The morning exercises in physical training were equally instructive, beneficial and enjoyable to the boys and girls, and prepared them for the work of the day. The inspiration disclosed in these exercises gave every delegate a new determination to go back and carry on the same work in his Local: Every athlete was given the opportunity to exhibit his ability in whichever phase of sport life he excelled.

Instructions and regulations were obeyed by the boys and girls and in this manner a greater freedom was permitted them. Punctuality was of the greatest importance to the success of University Week, and everyone appreciated the need for discipline in all things done during the week.

Excellent lectures were given on home economics and new improvements for the home. Home nursing and first aid, demonstrated by Nurse Emerson, gave the girls a very interesting forenoon.

The greenhouses at the University gave the delegates a valuable study on horticulture and every naturalist was given an excellent opportunity to study plant life.

Lectures were afforded the boys on good husbandry, judging of stock, poultry and agricultural interests. Lantern slides, concerning poultry, their feeding and housing, revealed more clearly the points demonstrated by the instructors.

The meetings held gave the Locals an idea as to how to conduct their own meetings, properly. These meetings were conducted according to parliamentary rules, and if every Local followed the example given to them during these meetings they would have the satisfaction of knowing that they were conducting their meetings in proper order. Every delegate present gave a satisfactory report as to what their Local had done during the year, and helped to develop other Locals by their improvements and ideas. Boys and girls that had never had any experience in oratory now had the opportunity to speak before a large audience, and by so doing gained confidence and overcame their self-consciousness to a certain extent.

During the week it was necessary for delegates, visitors and the University staff to co-operate to make the week a success and everyone acquired a new idea of co-operation and its value. Community singing was looked forward to by everyone and every person present joined in the singing to the best of their ability.

No greater education in so short a time could be afforded the boys and girls of Alberta than to attend the University Week for Farm Young People and everyone should take advantage of this opportunity.

BERRYWATER U. F. W. A.

An itemized account of the finances of the Vulcan Rest Room was given at a recent meeting of Berrywater U.F.W.A. Local, and a further donation was unanimously voted for this fund. "Fall Styles" was the subject of the roll call, and Mrs. Donald Sinclair gave a very able paper on Convention Reports. At the next meeting Miss Larson, municipal health nurse, will give a talk on "Health."

PROGRAM OF EXCEL U. F. W. A.

The program of Excel U. F. W. A. Local, for meetings from April to November inclusive, consists of the following subjects for discussion: Municipal School Districts; What the U. F. A. Has Done and Hopes to Do; Gardening Methods; Truth in Textiles; Cooking and Eating in Warm Weather; Immigration; Fun; First Aid and Home Nursing; Fall Fashions; Property Rights of Women; Suggestions for Christmas Gifts. The August 24th meeting was given over to an entertainment, while the last meeting in November will be the annual business meeting.

McCAFFERTY JUNIORS ORGANIZED

McCafferty Junior Local was organized late in August, with the help of Mrs. H. E. Spencer. Elected officers are Leslie Rae, president; Helen Johnston, vice-president; Florence Carney, secretary. A letter from the latter says: "Twenty-six children joined. Mr. H. A. Carney, who is seventy years old and one of the first settlers of this district, gave a very interesting talk about how things were when he was a boy. At our November meeting we are planning on having the doctor give a talk about "How to Keep Healthy and Well", if he can do so. We decided to have a yell, which is:

"Who are, who are, who are we? We are the Juniors of McCafferty. Why are, why are, why are we Trying better Canadians to be?"

CONGRATULATIONS FROM SASKATCHEWAN

Miss Nellie Thomas, of Chailey, whose prize essay on "Co-operation" was recently published in "The U. F. A.", has received a letter of congratulation on her achievement from W. Waldron, Co-operation and Markets Commissioner of Saskatchewan.



J. H. BRYAN

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Wanted—All the Rabbit Skins in Alberta. Jacks 15c to 30c. Bush or Snow Shoe 6c to 10c.

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- PUREBRED ROSE-COMB WHITE WYANdotte eockerels Martin laying strain.
 Mated from registered cockerels this
 year. \$2 each. Mrs. H. Larson, Nanton,
- A FEW SELECT PUREBRED BUFF ORP-ington cockerels; May hatched; \$2.50 each. Mrs. T. H. Howes, Millet, Alberta.
- BUFF ORPINGTON COCKERELS FROM heavy winter egg producing strain; April and May hatched. Price \$3.00. Mrs. J. G. Bolt, Millet, Alberta.
- STEP UP YOUR EGG PRODUCTION BY using White Leghorn cockerels, direct from Sally's XX special pen; average dam production 240 eggs. \$2.50 each, five for \$10. Ray A. Bell, Swalwell, Alta.
- R SALE—70 SINGLE-COMB WHITE Leghorn hens, 75c each. W. H. Good-win, Gleichen, Alta.
- PUREBRED BUFF ORPINGTON COCKERels—From pen of high producers; April hatched. \$3.50 each. Mrs. P. C. Loree, Nanton, Alberta.
- PUREBRED PLYMOUTH ROCK COCKERels. Last fall I bought eight Rock hens from University of Saskatchewan and mated them with a wonderful cock bird. Cockerels from this mating \$2 each. Henry Padberg, Sibbald, Alberta.
- PURE-BRED BOURBON RED TURKEYS—Gobblers \$5.00; hens \$3.50. Selling until December 11th. Mrs. J. V. Golka, Viking, Alta.
- PUREBRED BUFF ORPINGTON COCKER-els: \$3, or two for \$5; splendid laying or prize-winning strain. April and May hatched. Mrs. L. E. Richardson, R. R. No. 2, Vulcan, Alberta.

POULTRY WANTED

We have an excellent market for your poultry. Write us for free price list.

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SEED GRAIN, ETC.

- WANTED—CAR LOADS FIVE, SIX AND feed wheat; oats, barley, mixed and re-jected grain. Send sample and price wanted. Fowler Bros. Grain Co., Ltd., 2307 Royal Oak, New Westminster, B.C.
- WANTED—GRASS SEEDS, BROME, WEST ern rye, timothy. Mail samples wit prices to Rennie Seed Co., Ltd., Calgary.

LEGAL AND PATENTS

- FORD, MILLER & HARVIE, BARRISTERS, Solicitors and Patent Attorneys and Agents for all countries. 207 Alberta Corner, Calgary. Patent drawings and applications prepared by our own staff, ensuring secrecy and prompt service.
- & PATERSON-BARRISTERS, solicitors and conveyancers. 503 Tegler Building, Edmonton. Special attention given to mortgages, foreclosures, collections and probate practice. Money to

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Barrister and Solicitor
218a 8TH AVE. W., CALGARY
Phone M7405 Res. W1783

SHORT, ROSS, SHAW & MAYHOOD Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Imperial Bank Bidg., Calgary



(Continued from page 7) wheat, during the years 1923, 1924, 1926 and 1927."

This makes the contract a personal covenant, binding upon the individual who signed it to market through the Pool all wheat over which he has the selling right, regardless of whether the land on which the wheat is grown is mentioned in his Pool Contract or otherwise.

That there should one Man die ignorant who had capacity for Knowledge, this I call tragedy, were it to happen more than twenty times a minute, as by some computations it does.-Carlyle.

U.F.A. Executive to Tender Banquet to President Wood on Nov. 18th

"The Chief" Will Be Guest of Honor at Function in Palliser Hotel, to Be Attended by Members of All Branches of Association and Officers of Wheat Pools-Premier Will Propose Toast of the Evening

Before this issue of "The U. F. A." is in the hands of our readers, President Wood will have returned to Alberta from his visit to the Orient and Australia in behalf of the Wheat Pool. On Thursday of this week, November 18th, he will be tendered a banquet by the U. F. A. Cen-tral Executive in the Palliser Hotel, Calgary. It is hoped that members of any branch of the Association who can will attend, and any who plan to do so are requested to notify Central Office at once.

Among those who will attend are members of the Central Board, Ministers of the Alberta Cabinet, and Federal and legislative Provincial representatives, and it is also anticipated that officers of Federal and Provincial Constituency As-

sociations, and large numbers of members of Locals in the vicinity of Calgary will attend. Members of the Boards of all of the Co-operative Marketing Pools and officers of the Pools will be present. H. E. G. H. Scholefield, Vice-president

of the Association, will be toastmaster, and the toast list will include "The King"; "The Association"; "Our Provincial and Federal Members"; "The Ladies", and the toast of the evening, "Our Guest", proposed by Premier Brownlee and responded to by President Wood

There will be a musical program, and the events of the evening will conclude with "Auld Lang Syne". The banquet will commence at 7:15.

Tickets are \$1.50.

Price of Tobacco Cut in Half When **Tobacco Pool Quit**

Dark Tobacco Growers Had Object Lesson in Co-operative Marketing When Dissatisfied Members Were Released From Contracts-Now in Desperate Condition

Members of the Dark Tobacco Growers' Pool, of Kentucky and Tennesse became dis-satisfied with the prices received because as a result of the Pool's operations, non-mem-bers were able to take advantage of the higher price levels the Pool had established. The Pool quit; prices fell to half, or less than half; and the growers are now in desperate straits.

We reprint the following account of the proceedings from the Farmers' Sun, Toronto. (The Scoop Shovel, organ of the Manitoba Pool, recently dealt with the matter fully): "About four years ago the Dark Tobacco

Growers' Co-operative Association was organized for Kentucky and Tennesse, with a membership covering about 60 per cent. of the tobacco acreage in the territory. During its three years' operation the association and the same of the company of the same of the sa tion maintained an average price of from 13 to 14 cents per pound.

"But the members became dissatisfied, not with the prices received nor the management of the organization, but because about 40 per cent. of the growers would not come in, would not contribute anything to the ex-pense of the association, yet received the same price for their tobacco as the association members received.

'In fact, the outsiders were getting higher prices, because there was nothing deducted from their selling price to maintain the or-ganization. So the members of the association asked to be released from their con-tracts so that they could sell on the outside and get as much as the non-members were "The board of directors released them and the growers and business men of the towns held parades and celebrated the action as a community event.

"The very next day after the board's action the price of tobacco started down, and it kept going down until it reached the average price of 7c per pound, about half what the association had been getting. Good, sound tobacco was sold as low as 2 cents per pound on the auction floor at Springfield, Tenn., June 25, 1926.

"Today the tobacco growers are in desperate condition and the business men, bankers and professional men are working hard to line up the growers and get the association back on the job. When the association quit to get even with the outside joy-riders, it left all the growers at the mercy of the tobacco buyers, when they sold their stuff individually. There is a big object lesson hiere."

PROVINCIAL ELECTION FUND

Recent contributions to the Provincial Election Campaign Fund are ac-knowledged below:

Previously acknowledged ...\$6,012.45

Blackle U. F. W. A. ... 4,75

Carseland U. F. W. A. ... 10.00

Sedgewick Prov. C. A. ... 25.00

Total.....\$6,052.20

FARM LANDS

IRRIGATION IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA offers an opportunity for farmers in the new Leibridge Northern Irrigation District where schools, churches, coal mines, rural telephones, and splendid roads already exist. A well settled community, no pioneering. The district is cut by three branch railway lines. Land sold on crop payments, at \$10.00 to \$15.00 per acre. Water payments spread over fifty years. Applicants must have own equipment and qualifications of farm experience. This is a proposition for real farmers who appreciate the value of irrigation as crop insurance. State fully what equipment you have and your experience. Apply, Colonization Manager, 117 Alberta Government Bldg., Lethbridge, Alberta.

splendid farm for sale—only ten miles from Calgary. Three miles to church and school. 320 acres, all of which is tillable; 260 acres broken; 80 acres in summerfallow. A model sixroomed house, recently built. Also barn 34x34 and stables for 8 head of horses and 10 head of cattle. Chicken house, granaries and a good well. All fenced and cross-fenced. Splendid crop taken off this land this year. Owner wishes to sell account ill health. Price \$45 per acre. Cash payment four to five thousand dollars; balance arranged. The Purcell-Cote Company, Limited, 614 Herald Bldg., Calgary. Phone M 7049.

FARM TO RENT—410 ACRES SUMMERfallow and breaking; 130 acres nearly new land to spring plow; 315 acres hay land; 300 acres pasture. Seven-roomed house with basement; barn for 20 horses poultry house, etc. Never-failing drilled well. Will rent to wide-awake farmer, who must furnish a good 16-horse farming equipment, details of which should be given in first letter. Address Sunnyside Farm, Calgary, Alberta.

Classified Advertising Section

FARM LANDS (Continued)

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FARM MACHINERY

BIG TEAM TANDEM HITCH, ONLY ONE on the market. No lead chains, eveners or pulleys. Perfect equalizer. Sold direct. Send stamp for particulars. Beaton Hitch, Winnifred, Alta.

MISCELLANEOUS

know the secrets. I caught 13 in one month with four traps, you can do the same. For one dollar I will send full instructions how and where to make the sets I used. Send today and get your fur early in the season. Jack Arnold, 10923 Jasper Avenue, Edmonton.

MAYTAG WASHER WITH MULTI-MOTOR gasoline engine. Guaranteed perfect working order; a real bargain. The Maytag Co., Ltd., Calgary.

CANARIES—ALL YOUNG BIRDS, FROM high class stock. Singers guaranteed. Wm. Carnill, 75 4th St. W., Calgary.

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PILES WITH CONSTIPATION CURED. Cause removed, one office treatment sufficient. Dr. M. E. Crurch, Calgary.

HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE INEXPENsively overcome, without drugs. Gladly send particulars. Dr. S. H. Stokes, Mohawk, Florida.

SWINE

FOR SALE — WEANLING YORKSHIRE pigs, fifteen dollars each with registration papers. H. Phillips, Langdon, Alta.

CLOVERSET TAMWORTHS ARE REAL bacon type and easy feeders. Choice weanlings; also Oxford ram lambs; Hollywood White Leghorn and Ancona cockerels. Cloverset Farm, Edmonton.

REGISTERED DUROC JERSEY WEANlings, males and females; \$15 f.o.b. Papers included. Bailey strain. C. E. Orn, Millet, Alta.

LIVESTOCK

ABERDEEN ANGUS CATTLE FOR SALE—Fifteen heifers and ten bulls; 5 months to 2 years old; registered; very reasonable. L. McComb, Huxley, Alta., C.N.R.

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR YOUNG horses, two-year-old registered Short-horn bull. W. J. McCubbin, Three Hills, Alta.

FOR SALE — REG. HOLSTEIN BULL, bred by C. P. R., four years old; also a number of bull calves, heifers and cows. C. W. Robinson, Munson.

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GARMENTS AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS OF all kinds cleaned or dyed. Price list and information upon request. Empire Cleaning & Dyeing Co., Ltd., 234-236 Twelfth Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta.

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